Mitigation Measure	Implementing	Method of	Timing of	Verification	Date
	Action	Verification	Verification	Responsibility	Completed
Biological Res	ources – Nesting Bird	Surveys & Avoida	nce		
• <i>Mitigation Measure BIO-1</i> : Any vegetation removal,	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	Prior to and	OCWR	
construction, or grading activities should take place	Waste Facility	OCWR	during		
outside of the active nesting bird season (i.e.,	Permit by LEA	Composting	construction		
February 1–August 31), when feasible. Should these		Facility			
activities take place during this period, a qualified		Superintendent			
biologist should conduct a nesting bird survey no more					
than 3 days prior to the start of such activities. Any					
available focused survey data, particularly with regard					
to CAGN and/or burrowing owl nesting locations,					
should be referenced prior to the survey. If					
construction activities using heavy equipment (i.e.,					
graders, bulldozers, and excavators, etc.) continue					
through the nesting season, weekly nesting bird					
surveys shall be conducted until the construction					
activities are completed. Each nesting bird survey shall					
include the work area and areas adjacent to the site					
(within 500 feet, as feasible) that could potentially be					
affected by project-related activities such as noise,					
vibration, increased human activity, and dust, etc. For					
any active nest(s) identified, the qualified biologist					
shall establish an appropriate buffer zone around the					
active nest(s). The appropriate buffer shall be					
determined by the qualified biologist based on species,					
location, and the nature of the proposed activities.					
Project activities shall be avoided within the buffer					
zone until the nest is deemed no longer active, as					
determined by the qualified biologist.					

				IKOUKIM		
٠	Mitigation Measure BIO-2: Consistent with the	Prior to Approval	Verification by	Prior to and	OCWR	
	Conservation Strategy for burrowing owl as	of Final Plans;	OCWR Project	during		
	established in Section 13.2.5 (a)(2)(b) of the Orange	Prior to Issuance of	Manager	construction		
	County Southern Subregion Habitat Conservation Plan	Grading Permit				
	(HCP), focused pre-construction surveys will continue					
	through January 2020 to determine the nature and					
	extent of burrowing owl occupancy within 1,000 feet					
	of the project site. Pre-construction nesting surveys					
	will be conducted in conjunction with those described					
	in Mitigation Measure BIO-1. If construction is					
	planned to occur while burrowing owls are present					
	within 1,000 feet of the project site (including access					
	routes), a qualified biologist will monitor project					
	construction activities and burrowing owl status, and					
	determine appropriate avoidance, minimization, or					
	compensation measures to be implemented.					
	If nesting burrowing owls are found within the direct					
	and indirect impact areas (as Determined by the					
	qualified biologist), avoidance measures will be					
	implemented, including no direct disturbance of active					
	dens during the breeding season and maintaining					
	approximately 6-7 acres of undisturbed, contiguous					
	foraging habitat (or about a 300-foot radius) around					
	the nest site throughout the breeding season or until the					
	nest site is no longer active and no burrowing owls are					
	present. If a previously-occupied nesting burrow					
	is directly impacted during construction (following					
	confirmation that no owls are present), an artificial					
	burrow in suitable habitat will be constructed at least					
	300 feet from the impacted areas and such that at least					
	6-7 acres of suitable foraging habitat are					
	contiguous with the new burrow.					
	If non-breeding burrowing owls are found within the					
	direct and indirect impact areas (as determined by the					
	qualified biologist), passive relocation techniques (e.g.,					
	burrow exclusion and creation of alternative burrow					
	habitat) may be employed outside of the nesting					
	season to avoid direct and indirect impacts to occupied					

	sites. Burrow exclusion is a technique of installing				
	one-way doors in burrow openings during the non-				
	breeding season to allow owls to leave the burrow and				
	temporarily exclude burrowing owls from re-entering,				
	or permanently exclude burrowing owls and close				
	burrows after verifying burrows are empty during site				
	monitoring and scoping. If a previously-occupied				
	burrow is directly impacted during construction				
	(following burrow exclusion and confirmation				
	that no owls are present), an artificial burrow in				
	suitable habitat will be constructed at least 300 feet				
	from the impacted areas and such that at least 6-7 acres				
	of suitable foraging habitat are contiguous with the				
	new burrow.				
	If occupied burrows are not directly impacted either				
	through burrow exclusion or project construction				
	activities, then no compensatory mitigation or				
	construction of artificial burrows is required.				
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While the Mitigated Negative Declaration-Initial Study did not identify the following environmental topics as having significant environmental impacts, in order to further reduce the less than significant impacts for these environmental topics, OCWR has added the following Project Design Features and Operational Control Measures (PDF & OCM). All of these Project Design Features and Operational Control Measures included in this Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program will be incorporated into the Report of Composting Site Information (RCSI), to be reviewed and approved by the Orange County Health Care Agency, Environmental Health Division, acting in its capacity as the Orange County Solid Waste Local Enforcement Agency (LEA) for the California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). The RCSI is the key engineering, permitting, construction and operations document that the LEA will rely upon when issuing the Solid Waste Facility Permit for the Capistrano Greenery Composting Operation.

	Air Quality – Dust (	Control			
(Air Quality-Dust Control PDF & OCM-1) Compost	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
windrows will not be turned during high wind episodes	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
exceeding wind speeds of 30 miles per hour in order to manage	Permit by LEA	Composting			
dust particulates.		Facility			
		Superintendent			
(Air Quality-Dust Control PDF & OCM-2) The compost	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
operation entryway and often-traveled paths will be overlain	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction and		
with crushed rock or asphalt to prevent tracking of onsite	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations		
materials and dust off-site.		Facility			
		Superintendent			

			INCOMM		
(Air Quality-Dust Control PDF & OCM-3) Unpaved roads	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
shall be watered as necessary to minimize visible dust.	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction and		
Alternatively, roads may be payed.	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations		
		Facility	· F · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Superintendent			
		Supermendent			
(Air Ouality-Dust Control PDF & OCM-4) The composting	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
operation will implement SCAOMD's Rule 403, requiring	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction and		
control of fugitive dust during construction and operations via	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations		
best-available control measures. These measures include the		Facility	operations		
following:		Superintendent			
lonowing.		Supermendent			
• Apply non-toxic chemical soil stabilizers according to					
manufacturers' specifications to all inactive					
construction areas (i.e. previously graded areas					
inactive for 10 days or more)					
inactive for to days of more).					
• Water active sites at least twice daily (locations where					
grading is to occur shall be thoroughly watered prior to					
earthmoving).					
• Cover all trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose					
materials, or maintain at least 2 ft. (0.6 meter) of					
freeboard (vertical space between the top of the load					
and the top of the trailer) in accordance with the					
requirements of California Vehicle Code Section					
23114					
20111.					
• Pave construction access roads at least 100 feet (30					
meters) onto the site from the main road.					
interes) onto the site from the main foud.					
• Reduce traffic speeds on all unpaved roads to 15 mph					
or less.					
	Air Ouality – Odor	Control		1	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM -1) The composting	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
operation will only accept green waste loads for composting	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
that have already been processed off-site (i.e., chip, ground and	Permit by LEA	Composting	1		
screened) to remove contamination such as food waste prior to	· ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Facility			
the processed green waste being delivered to the Capistrano		Superintendent			
Greenery. Pre-processing will reduce the potential for highly		T T			

odorous loads.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-2) Upon acceptance at the composting operation, prior to unloading, any highly odorous loads will be taken to the landfill working face for disposal.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-3) Upon acceptance at the composting operation, if any highly odorous loads are inadvertently unloaded, OCWR will collect the loads and take the material to the landfill working face for disposal.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-4) Green waste will be delivered to the composting operation on an as-needed basis to reduce green waste odors.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-5) OCWR will not select or use any additives or amendments in the composting operation that are either highly odorous by themselves, are highly odorous when added to the compost piles, or are highly odorous over time during the active or curing phases of the composting operation.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-6) OCWR will comply with SCAQMD Rules 1133 and 1133.3 for green waste composting.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-7) Incoming pre- processed materials will be stored on-site no longer than 48 hours. PGM and processed agricultural material will be loaded into a dump truck by a front loader as soon as possible and delivered to the active composting area, where the material will then be placed into new compost piles by a front loader.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-8) The feedstock materials will be formed into elongated piles/open windrows, with dimensions not exceeding 12 feet in height, 20 feet in length and 100 feet long for composting with the addition of moisture as needed by the on-site water truck. Newly constructed compost windrows will initially be covered with at least 6 inches of finished compost within 24 hours of formation	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	

			INCOMM		
as required by SCAQMD Rule 1133.3. For the first 15 days after initial windrow formation, within six hours before turning, water will be applied as necessary to ensure the pile meets the wetness criteria described in Rule 1133.3. During this period, the temperature of each compost pile will be taken every day.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-9) Active compost shall be maintained under aerobic conditions at a temperature of 55 degrees Celsius (131 degrees Fahrenheit) or higher for the Process to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) period of 15-days or longer as specified in 14 CCR 17868.3(b)(3) utilizing wheeled loaders or a windrow turner. During the period when the compost is maintained at 55 degrees Celsius (131 degrees Fahrenheit) or higher, there shall be a minimum of five turnings of the windrow.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	
<ul> <li>(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF &amp; OCM-10) OCWR has prepared an Odor Impact Minimization Plan (OIMP) for the proposed composting operation in compliance with 14 CCR 17863.4. The OIMP is included as Appendix E to the Mitigated Negative Declaration for the composting operation. All odor control measures included in the OIMP are hereby incorporated into this Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program. Per the OIMP, each operating day, designated site personnel shall assess and evaluate the perimeter of the composting operation area and landfill boundary for objectionable odors. Best management practices (BMPs) and good housekeeping measures will be implemented to minimize the release of objectionable odors. BMPs include:</li> <li>Maintaining adequate heat in the piles through appropriate pile density, limiting turning frequency and/or pile dimensions.</li> <li>Provide adequate moisture throughout the active composting process.</li> <li>Frequent monitoring of temperature and moisture content assures composting conditions are within acceptable parameters.</li> </ul>	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR	

				INCOMIN		
Good h	ousekeeping measures that will be implemented include:					
0	Clearing spilled materials between windrows.					
0	Eliminating areas with the potential for ponding water.					
0	Maintaining reasonably sized stockpiles of incoming feedstock by deploying it into windrows within 72 hours.					
(Air O	uality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-11) The OIMP	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
requires	s that OCWR implement the following steps in the event	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
that of	niectionable odors are detected at the composting	Permit by I FA	Composting	· F · · · · · · · · · ·		
operatio	on site.	I child by EER	Facility			
operation	JII SILC.		Superintendent			
	Stan all anomations if there are according off site adam		Supermiendent			
0	Stop an operations in they are causing on-site odor					
	impacts until the source of the odors is identified,					
	corrected and the odor migration ceases.					
_	Designated site assumed shall investigate likely					
0	Designated site personnel snall investigate likely					
	source of odors.					
0	Designated site personnel shall determine wind					
	patterns and direction at the time odor was detected.					
0	Based on the intensity of odor nuisance, designated					
	site personnel shall determine if odor has travelled off-					
	site by surveying the perimeter of the composting					
	facility and vicinity of potential off-site receptors.					
0	If the source of odors is found to be the composting					
	operation, determine if on-site management practices					
	(e.g., mixing odiferous materials with sawdust or other					
	bulking agent, turning the windrows less frequently,					
	remove odiferous materials and dispose of them in the					
	landfill, etc.) could remedy any odor problems and					
	immediately take steps to remedy the situation.					
0	Determine whether or not the odor has moved off-site					
	and if so, if it significant enough to warrant contacting					
	the adjacent neighbors and/or the LEA.					

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0	If it has been determined that odor has moved off-site, the incident shall be recorded in the compost daily operational logbook which shall include all actions and activities taken to resolve or minimize odor nuisance for future reference and operational considerations.					
0	Do not start operations again (i.e., accepting additional green waste in temporary storage area, placement and formation of new windrows) until the wind and meteorological conditions are favorable and will not promote off-site odors.					
(Air Q the f implen	<b>uality-Odor Control PDF &amp; OCM-12</b> ) Per the OIMP, ollowing complaint response protocols will be nented:	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility	During operations	OCWR	
0	All odor complaints received from potential receptors and/or regulators shall be recorded in the facility operational logbook and complaint log.		Superintendent			
0	Designated site personnel shall contact complainant and/or regulator to obtain details of the complaint such as name, time, location and nature or characteristics of odors.					
0	Designated site personnel shall notify appropriate regulators of the complaint.					
0	Designated site personnel shall investigate and implement methods in assessing odor impacts.					
0	Designated site personnel shall immediately implement additional or appropriate measures to minimize odors.					
0	Once the OIMP measure or measures have been implemented and the odor has been minimized, designated site personnel shall follow up with complainant.					

(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-13) The Prima Deshecha Landfill maintains an on-site meteorology station that monitors wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity, and rainfall. Data from this station will be used to help monitor conditions at the composting operation if an odor issue arises and also prior to an odor issue occurring.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-14) For the composting operation, OCWR will establish contingency plans for operating downtime (e.g., equipment malfunction, power outage).	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-15) OCWR shall post telephone numbers at the entrance of the composting facility to allow members of the public to contact the OCWR composting facility superintendent to report odor complaints.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-16) Should processed green material arrive at the composting operation with noticeable odors, options for reducing odors would include but are not limited to the following: reject highly odorous loads and landfill the material; eliminate troublesome or contaminated feedstocks; mix materials upon receipt (i.e., to increase material porosity); stockpile bulking agents or high carbon amendments; make smaller piles; blanketing odorous material with a six inch to one-foot layer of bulking agent, high carbon amendments or finished compost.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-17) Should processed green material in the temporary unloading and storage area begin to generate odors, options for reducing odors would include but are not limited to the following: expedite material processing; first in, first out processing; reduce the size of material stockpiles; blanketing odorous material with a six inch to one-foot layer of bulking agent, high carbon amendments or finished compost; reduce the volume of incoming materials; identify alternative facilities for incoming materials.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During operations	OCWR
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-18) Should processed green material begin to generate odors during mixing and material handling, options for reducing odors would include but not be limited to the following: create windrow piles that	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility	During operations	OCWR

			INCOMM		
are sufficiently blended; combine materials to achieve a high		Superintendent			
carbon to nitrogen ratio (greater than 30 to 1); create piles with					
good porosity; ensure that mixing areas/activities are located as					
far as possible from sensitive receptors; reduce					
mixing/materials handling activity during stagnant air					
conditions; reduce mixing/materials handling activity when					
wind is in the direction of sensitive receptors; mist water or					
odor neutralizer at dust generation points.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-19) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
processed green material begin to generate odors during the	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
composting process, options for reducing odors would include	Permit by LEA	Composting	-		
but not be limited to the following: turn regularly to re-	·	Facility			
invigorate the composting process; maintain sufficient moisture		Superintendent			
in windrows; avoid over-watering windrows; make smaller		•			
windrows to increase passive aeration; increase porosity and					
bulk density; consider blanketing odorous materials with a six-					
inch to one-foot layer of bulking agent; make piles on a one-					
foot bed of overs to increase airflow; reduce turning/material					
handling activities when winds are blowing in the direction of					
nearby receptors; diligently manage and monitor the					
composting process.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-20) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
processed green material begin to generate odors during	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
screening, options for reducing odors would include but not be	Permit by LEA	Composting			
limited to the following: reduce screening activities during		Facility			
stagnant air conditions; reduce screening activities when wind		Superintendent			
is in the direction of nearby receptors; use mist water or					
neutralizer at dust generation points.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-21) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
processed green material begin to generate odors from water	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
ponding after a rain event, options for reducing odors would	Permit by LEA	Composting			
include but not be limited to the following: inspect piles after		Facility			
major rain events; grade the site to eliminate puddles,		Superintendent			
depressions and wheel ruts where water collects; absorb ponded					
water with wood chips/other absorbent, fill potholes with					
soil/pad material.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-22) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
processed green material begin to generate odors after as a	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
result of uncomposted material in aisles between the windrows,	Permit by LEA	Composting	_		
options for reducing odors would include but not be limited to	-	Facility			

the following: clean aisles of spilled material (particularly at the		Superintendent			
end of each day; mechanically sweep paved areas at the end of		1			
each shift; apply water and/or neutralizer to reduce dust during					
dry conditions.					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-23) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
processed green material begin to generate odors during curing.	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
options for reducing odors would include but not be limited to	Permit by LEA	Composting	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
the following: increase processing time prior to moving to		Facility			
curing: decrease curing pile size: review moisture content of in-		Superintendent			
process compost: aerate curing piles: screen after curing to		Supermeendem			
maintain porosity					
(Air Quality-Odor Control PDF & OCM-24) Should	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
collected leachate and storm water in the lined pond begin to	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations	00000	
generate odors, options for reducing odors would include but	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations		
not be limited to the following: review NPDES procedures to	1 en inv og 2211	Facility			
minimize storm water contact with organic materials: remove		Superintendent			
particles from water draining into the lined pond: filter					
stormwater through a filter berm or sock: clean out lined pond					
during the dry season: reapply collected leachate and storm					
water to active compost piles: install aeration system.					
Hazards and Hazardous	Materials – Hazardo	ous Waste Exclusion	n and Control		
(Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Hazardous Waste	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
Exclusion and Control PDF & OCM-1) The existing	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
			<b>▲</b>		
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the	Permit by LEA	Composting			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle,	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal.	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent			
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal. Hazards and Hazardous	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent	Solid Wastes		
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal. <u>Hazards and Hazardous</u> (Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Exclusion of	Permit by LEA s Materials – Exclusio Issuance of Solid	Composting Facility Superintendent <b>on of Unacceptable</b> Verification by	Solid Wastes During	OCWR	
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal. Hazards and Hazardous (Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Exclusion of Unacceptable Solid Wastes PDF & OCM-1) For the	Permit by LEA <b>s Materials – Exclusic</b> Issuance of Solid Waste Facility	Composting Facility Superintendent	Solid Wastes During operations	OCWR	
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal. Hazards and Hazardous (Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Exclusion of Unacceptable Solid Wastes PDF & OCM-1) For the composting operation, all green waste materials received will be	Permit by LEA s Materials – Exclusion Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent on of Unacceptable Verification by OCWR Composting	Solid Wastes During operations	OCWR	
hazardous waste exclusion and load-checking program for the Prima Deshecha Landfill will also be used for the proposed composting operation. Loads are inspected both at the fee booth and during unloading. If any hazardous materials are discovered in loads at the fee booth, the hauler will be turned away from the landfill and provided with information regarding acceptable hazardous waste disposal facilities. Any hazardous wastes that are discovered after unloading, if safe to handle, will be stored at the temporary hazardous waste storage area at the landfill, before being transported off-site by a certified hazardous waste hauler for proper disposal. (Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Exclusion of Unacceptable Solid Wastes PDF & OCM-1) For the composting operation, all green waste materials received will be processed, ground and screened prior to delivery to the	Permit by LEA s Materials – Exclusio Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent	Solid Wastes During operations	OCWR	

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waste solid waste materials prior to delivery to the composting operation. However, if contaminated loads are received at the composting operation that contain food wastes or other						
unaccentable solid wastes these loads will be immediately						
collected and transported to the landfill working face for						
disposal						
Hazards and Hazar	dous Materials – Fire	Prevention and Pr	otection			
(Hazards and Hazardous Materials-Fire Prevention and	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
Protection PDF & OCM-1) OCWR shall provide fire	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations	oewik		
prevention protection and control measures including but not	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations			
limited to, temperature monitoring of windrows and piles.		Facility				
adequate water supply for fire suppression, and the isolation of		Superintendent				
potential ignition sources from combustible materials. A strip		Superintente				
of sufficient width of cleared land must be maintained along the						
perimeter of site operations to act as a fire barrier or break.						
OCWR will consult with OCFA to determine the size of the fire						
break.						
(Hazards and Hazardous Materials-Fire Prevention and	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
Protection PDF & OCM-2) The composting operation will be	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations			
designed and operated to meet all Orange County Fire	Permit by LEA	Composting	_			
Authority (OCFA) fire flow and fire safety requirements. This	-	Facility				
will include but not be limited to the spacing between		Superintendent				
windrows; the number, width and length of fire lanes; the						
distance of the windrows and material storage areas to						
flammable vegetation, a water tank, water pumps, water lines						
and fire hydrants.						
(Hazards and Hazardous Materials-Fire Prevention and	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
Protection PDF & OCM-3) All 20-foot wide compost pile	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations			
areas will be surrounded by 20-foot wide fire access lanes.	Permit by LEA	Composting				
Perimeter roads will be a minimum width of 20 feet and expand		Facility				
to a minimum width of 40 feet at hydrant locations to		Superintendent				
accommodate fire response.						
Hydrology and Water Quality						
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-1) Prior to	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	Prior to	OCWR		
construction of storm water containment and treatment facilities	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction			
and prior to grading of the composting operation project site,	Permit by LEA	Composting				
OCWR shall prepare a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		Facility				
("SWPPP) to obtain coverage under the State-wide general		Superintendent				
construction storm water pollution National Pollutant Discharge						
Elimination System ("NPDES") permit. The BMPs outlined in						

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the SWPPP shall be implemented in project construction and operations.					
BMPs are used to control surface water runoff, erosion and siltation at the project site during the construction of the proposed facility. Typical BMPs are listed below:					
- Fuel delivery or dispensing will be observed by facility personnel. Fuel delivery or dispensing that is not observed by facility personnel is prohibited.					
- Vehicles and equipment will be kept in good working order. Equipment and vehicles with leaks are to be repaired promptly by trained mechanics.					
- Equipment and parts with a potential to impact storm water are to be placed under tarps as needed during storm events.					
- Spills will be reported and proper spill response procedures will be promptly implemented. Should such a situation occur, soils affected by spills and leaks from landfill equipment will be removed. Proper clean-up procedures will first involve removal of the impacted soil layer. The soil will then be placed in 55- gallon drums for off-site treatment and disposal.					
- Berms, silt fences, sandbags, hay bales, wittle-wattles, geo- logs and straw mats will be installed during construction to reduce erosion.					
- BMPs include both non-structural and structural controls. Non-structural controls will include BMPs such as preventative maintenance, proper materials handling, spill prevention and control and litter control. Structural controls would include BMPs such as overhead coverage, secondary containment, roof gutters, paved surfaces designed to maintain positive drainage and curbs.					
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-2) Prior to operation of the composting operation, OCWR shall apply for coverage under the State-wide general storm water NPDES permit for industrial facilities or apply for an individual facility	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility	Prior to operations	OCWR	

storm water NPDES permit.		Superintendent			
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-3) OCWR	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
shall conduct quarterly sampling and testing of windrow	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
leachate and runoff for the presence of any hazardous	Permit by LEA	Composting			
substances at concentrations above those effluent standards set		Facility			
forth in the project's NPDES permit.		Superintendent			
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-4) OCWR shall	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
fully contain all surface water runoff and leachate resulting	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
from the composting operation. Collected surface water runoff	Permit by LEA	Composting			
and leachate will be collected on-site from the composting		Facility			
operation lined pond, and reused with the composting		Superintendent			
operation.					
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-5) Testing of	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
finished compost (i.e., after the curing process is complete) for	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
pathogens, metals and physical contamination will be	Permit by LEA	Composting			
performed in accordance with California Code of Regulations		Facility			
Title 14 requirements.		Superintendent			
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-6) Although	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
OCWR has no plans to use additives or amendments as part of	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
the composting operation at this time, should this change in the	Permit by LEA	Composting			
future, any additives or amendments that will be used shall be		Facility			
non-toxic and subject to the approval of the RWQCB and the		Superintendent			
LEA prior to their use.					
(Hydrology and Water Quality PDF & OCM-7) For the	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR	
Capistrano Greenery, the site will be graded such that the center	Waste Facility	OCWR	operations		
of each compost pile will be located on a high point and the	Permit by LEA	Composting			
compost deck will be graded at 2 percent toward the access		Facility			
lanes which will be graded at 2 percent to the south, as shown		Superintendent			
on Figure 4, conveying flows to an approximate 8.06-acre feet					
lined composting operation pond, that will be constructed to					
capture storm water runoff and leachate from the composting					
operation. The composting operation lined pond dimensions					
were determined based on National Oceanic and Atmospheric					
Administration (NOAA) precipitation data based for a 25-year,					
24-hour storm event (per Order WQ 2015-0121-DWQ, General					
Waste Discharge Requirements for Composting Operations)					
and the appropriate tributary boundary of the compost area. In					
addition, in accordance with standard engineering practices, the					
pond will be designed to accommodate an additional two feet of					
freeboard above the water level of the design storm event to					

accommodate waves and splashing from water flows.							
Noise Control							
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-1) Construction activities will be limited to between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays. The County of Orange shall have the discretion to permit construction activities to occur outside of the allowable hours if compelling circumstances warrant such an exception (e.g., weather conditions to pour concrete). (Noise Control PDF & OCM-2) Construction contractors shall limit houl truck delivarias to the same hours spacified for	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA Issuance of Solid Waste Facility	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent Verification by OCWP	During construction	OCWR OCWR			
shall finite hauf truck deriveries to the same nours specified for construction equipment (between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays (except in the case of urgent necessity)). The contractor shall prepare a haul route exhibit for review and approval by OCWR prior to commencement of construction activities. The haul route exhibit shall design delivery routes to minimize the exposure of sensitive land uses or residential dwellings to delivery truck-related noise. Per the County's Cooperative Agreement with the City of San Juan Capistrano, the designated access roads to the Prima Deshecha Landfill are I-5, Ortega Highway, and Avenida La Pata. These same roadways will be used by vehicles going to and from the composting operation during both the construction and operational phases of the project.	Permit by LEA	Composting Facility Superintendent	operations				
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-3) All construction equipment shall use noise-reduction features (e.g., mufflers and engine shrouds) that are no less effective than those originally installed by the manufacturer.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During construction and operations	OCWR			
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-4) All trucks, windrow turners, loaders and any other heavy equipment used during both the construction and operational phases of the project shall be operated with properly operating and well-maintained mufflers.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During construction and operations	OCWR			
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-5) Truck drivers shall turn off engines when not in use; diesel trucks servicing the project shall not idle for more than five (5) minutes.	Issuance of Solid Waste Facility Permit by LEA	Verification by OCWR Composting Facility Superintendent	During construction and operations	OCWR			

(Noise Control PDF & OCM-6) OCWR shall post telephone	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
numbers at the entrance of the composting facility to allow	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction and			
members of the public to contact the OCWR composting	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations			
facility superintendent to report noise complaints.		Facility				
		Superintendent				
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-7) The construction contractor	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction			
greatest distance between construction-related noise sources	Permit by LEA	Composting				
and most noise-sensitive receptors nearest the project site		Facility				
during all project construction.		Superintendent				
(Noise Control PDF & OCM-8) The construction contractor	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
shall place all stationary construction equipment so that the	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction			
emitted noise is directed away from the sensitive receptors	Permit by LEA	Composting				
nearest the project site.		Facility				
		Superintendent				
Transportation						
(Transportation PDF & OCM-1) Trucks going to and	Issuance of Solid	Verification by	During	OCWR		
coming from the composting operation will be required to use	Waste Facility	OCWR	construction and			
the same roadways that waste hauling vehicles use for accessing	Permit by LEA	Composting	operations			
the landfill operation. These authorized roadways include I-5,		Facility				
Ortega Highway, and Avenida La Pata.		Superintendent				